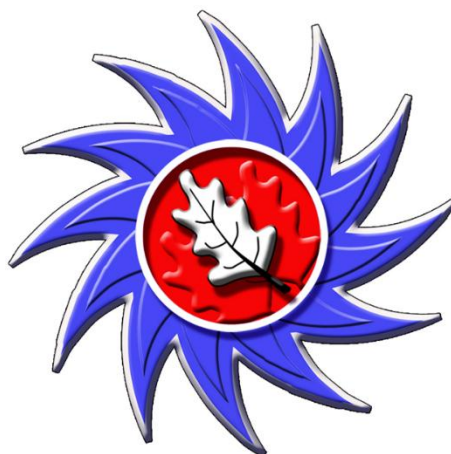


ACKLAM GRANGE SCHOOL



Use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) Policy

Status & Review Cycle	Term	Year
Last Review Date/Policy Adopted	Summer	2025-2026
Next Review Date	Summer	2026-2027
Lead	Mrs K Lowes	

This school is an academy within The Legacy Learning Trust.



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1. Aims and scope

Here at Acklam Grange School we understand the valuable potential that artificial intelligence (AI), including generative AI, holds for schools. For example, it can be used to enhance pedagogical methods, customise learning experiences and progress educational innovation.

We are also aware of the risks posed by AI, including data protection breaches, copyright issues, ethical complications, safeguarding and compliance with wider legal obligations.

Therefore, the aim of this policy is to establish guidelines for the ethical, secure and responsible use of AI technologies across our whole school community.

This policy covers the use of all AI tools by school staff, governors and pupils. This includes generative chatbots such as Copilot, ChatGPT and Google Gemini (please note, this list is not exhaustive).

This policy aims to:

- Support the use of AI to enhance teaching and learning
- Support staff to explore AI solutions to improve efficiency and reduce workload
- Prepare staff, governors and pupils for a future in which AI technology will be an integral part
- Promote equity in education by using AI to address learning gaps and provide personalised support
- Ensure that AI technologies are used ethically and responsibly by all staff, governors and pupils, including in compliance with intellectual property law
- Protect the privacy and personal data of staff, governors and pupils in compliance with the UK GDPR

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy reflects good practice guidelines / recommendations in the following publications:

- [Generative artificial intelligence \(AI\) in education](#), published by the Department for Education (DfE)
- [Generative AI: product safety standards](#), published by the DfE

- [How Ofsted looks at AI during inspection and regulation](#), published by Ofsted
- [AI use in assessments](#), published by the Joint Council for Qualifications

This policy also meets the requirements of the:

- UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) – the EU GDPR was incorporated into UK legislation, with some amendments, by [The Data Protection, Privacy and Electronic Communications \(Amendments etc\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2020](#)
- [Data Protection Act 2018 \(DPA 2018\)](#)

3. Roles and responsibilities

The Head of School will be responsible for leading the monitoring of the school's use of AI and implementing the AI policy.

3.0 AI lead

Our generative AI lead is the Assistant Headteacher (KS4 Achievement). They are responsible for the day-to-day leadership, ownership and management of AI use in the school.

3.1 Governing board

The governing board will:

- Take overall responsibility for monitoring this policy and holding the Head of School to account for its implementation in line with the school's AI strategy
- Ensure the Head of School is appropriately supported to make informed decisions regarding the effective and ethical use of AI in the school

Governors will adhere to the guidelines below to protect data when using generative AI tools themselves:

- Use only approved AI tools (see section 5 and appendix 1)
- Seek advice from the data protection officer (DPO) and AI Lead and the designated safeguarding lead (DSL), as appropriate
- Ensure there is no identifiable information included in what they put into generative AI tools (unless strictly necessary and they have been approved to do so – check with your DPO/AI lead where appropriate)
- Acknowledge or reference any use of generative AI in their work
- Fact-check results to make sure the information is accurate

3.2 Head of School

The Head of School will:

- Liaise directly with the AI lead who will take responsibility for the day-to-day leadership and management of AI use in the school
- Liaise with the data protection officer (DPO) to ensure that the use of AI in the school is in accordance with data protection legislation
- Liaise with the designated safeguarding lead (DSL) to ensure that the use of AI is in accordance with Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE), and the school's child protection and safeguarding policy
- Ensure that the guidance set out in this policy is followed by all staff
- Review and update this AI policy as appropriate, and at least annually
- Ensure staff are appropriately trained in the effective use and potential risks of AI
- Make sure pupils are taught about the effective use and potential risks of AI

- Where appropriate, sign off on approved uses of AI, or new AI tools, taking into account advice from the DPO, AI Lead and data protection impact assessments

3.3 Data protection officer (DPO)

The data protection officer (DPO) is responsible for monitoring and advising on our compliance with data protection law, including in relation to the use of AI.

3.4 Designated safeguarding lead (DSL)

The DSL is responsible for monitoring and advising on our compliance with safeguarding requirements including in relation to the use of AI, such as:

- Being aware of new and emerging safeguarding threats posed by AI
- Updating and delivering staff training on AI safeguarding threats
- Responding to safeguarding incidents in line with KCSIE and the school's child protection and safeguarding policy
- Understanding the filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place on school devices

3.5 All staff

As part of our aim to reduce staff workload while improving outcomes for our pupils, we encourage staff to explore opportunities to meet these objectives through the use of approved AI tools. Any use of AI must follow the guidelines set out in this policy.

To protect data when using generative AI tools, staff must:

- Use only approved AI tools (see section 5 and appendix 1)
- Do not upload personal data of staff or students
- Seek advice from the data protection officer / IT / AI lead / DSL, as appropriate
- Report safeguarding concerns to the DSL in line with our school's child protection and safeguarding policy
- Ensure there is no identifiable information included in what they put into generative AI tools (unless it is strictly necessary and they are approved to do so – they should check with the DPO/AI lead where appropriate)
- Acknowledge or reference the use of generative AI in their work
- Fact-check results to make sure the information is accurate

All staff play a role in ensuring that pupils understand the potential benefits and risks of using AI in their learning. All of our staff have a responsibility to guide pupils in critically evaluating AI-generated information and understanding its limitations.

3.6 Pupils

Pupils must:

- Follow the guidelines set out in section 7 of this policy ('Use of AI by pupils')

4. Process for approving AI use

The Head of School is responsible for signing off on approved uses of AI, or new AI tools, taking into account advice from the DPO and AI lead

Any use of generative AI by staff and pupils will be risk assessed, which will include plans for mitigating against unauthorised use cases. The intended use case will be specified and have clear benefits that outweigh the risks.

As part of this process, we will seek assurances from suppliers of AI tools about how their products meet the DfE's [AI product safety standards](#).

If it is strictly necessary to use an AI tool to process personal data, we will carry out a data protection impact assessment (DPIA) in addition to the risk assessment. The DPO will advise on this. If the use case is approved, we will also update our privacy notices accordingly.

In the case of AI tools intended for use by pupils, the risk assessment process must consider:

- Age restrictions set by AI tools
- Statutory requirements of [KCSIE](#) and our child protection and safeguarding policy
- [Filtering and monitoring standards](#) to make sure we have the appropriate systems in place to protect pupils from harm
- The DfE's [AI product safety standards](#)

The list of approved AI platforms is included in the table within Appendix 1

5. Staff and governors' use of AI

5.1 Approved use of AI

We are committed to helping staff and governors reduce their workload. Generative AI tools can make certain written tasks quicker and easier to complete, but cannot replace the judgement and knowledge of a human expert. Technology, including generative AI, should not replace the valuable relationship between teachers and pupils.

Any content produced using AI requires critical judgement to check for appropriateness and accuracy. Whatever tools or resources are used to produce plans, policies or documents, the quality and content of the final document remains the professional responsibility of the person who produced it.

Any plans, policies or documents created using AI should be clearly attributed. Any member of staff or governor using an AI-generated plan, policy or document should only share the AI-generated content with other members of staff or governors for use if they are confident of the accuracy of the information, as the content remains the professional responsibility of the person who produced it.

Always consider whether AI is the right tool to use. Just because the school has approved its use doesn't mean it will always be appropriate.

Staff are welcome to suggest new ways of using AI to improve pupil outcomes and reduce workload. They should contact the Head of School to discuss any ideas they may have with regards to using AI, so they – in consultation with others, as appropriate – can assess whether they deem it to be a satisfactory new method of working.

5.2 Data protection and privacy

To ensure that personal and sensitive data remains secure, no one will be permitted to enter such data into generative AI tools or chatbots that have not been approved as safe for this use case.

If personal and/or sensitive data is entered into an unauthorised generative AI tool, Acklam Grange School will treat this as a data breach and will follow the personal data breach procedure outlined in our data protection policy. [AGS Data Protection Policy](#) Please also refer to section 11 of this policy.

5.3 Intellectual property

Most generative AI tools use inputs submitted by users to train and refine their models.

Pupils own the intellectual property (IP) rights to original content they create. This is likely to include anything that shows working out or is beyond multiple choice questions.

In addition, materials created by teachers may be copyright material. Examples of what may be deemed original creative work include:

- Essays, homework or any other materials written or drawn by a pupil aside from multiple-choice questions responses
- Lesson plans created by a teacher
- Prompts entered into generative AI tools

We will not allow or cause intellectual property, including pupils' work, to be used to train generative AI models without appropriate consent or exemption to copyright.

We are aware that secondary infringement could happen if AI products are trained on unlicensed material and outputs and then used in schools or published more widely, such as on the school's website. This may include:

- Publishing a policy that has been created by an AI tool that used input taken from another school's policy without that school's permission
- Using an image on a website that has been created by an AI tool using input taken from the copyright holder without their permission

Exemptions to copyright are limited – we will seek legal advice if we are unsure as to whether we are acting within the law.

5.4 Bias

We are aware that AI tools can perpetuate existing biases, particularly towards protected characteristics including sex, race and disability. For this reason, critical thought must be applied to all outputs of authorised AI applications. This means fact and sense-checking the output.

We will ensure we can identify and rectify bias or error by training staff in this area.

We also regularly review our use of AI to identify and correct any biases that may arise.

If parents/carers or pupils have any concerns or complaints about potential unfair treatment or other negative outcomes as a consequence of AI use, these will be dealt with through our usual complaints procedure. [AGS Complaints Policy](#)

5.5 Raising concerns

We encourage staff and governors to speak to the Head of School in the first instance if they have any concerns about a proposed use of AI, or the use of AI that may have resulted in errors that led to adverse consequences or unfair treatment.

Safeguarding concerns arising from the use of generative AI must be reported immediately to the DSL in accordance with our school's child protection and safeguarding policy.

5.6 Ethical and responsible use

We will always:

- Use generative AI tools ethically and responsibly
- Remember the principles set out in our school's Equity, Diversity & Inclusion Policy when using generative AI tools [AGS Equity, Diversity & Inclusion Policy](#)
- Consider whether the tool has real-time internet access, or access to information up to a certain point in time, as this may impact the accuracy of the output
- Fact and sense-check the output before relying on it

Staff and governors must not:

- Generate content to impersonate, bully or harass another person
- Generate explicit or offensive content

- Input offensive, discriminatory or inappropriate content as a prompt

6. Educating pupils about AI

Here at Acklam Grange School we acknowledge that pupils benefit from a knowledge-rich curriculum that allows them to become well-informed users of technology and understand its impact on society. Strong foundational knowledge will ensure that pupils develop the right skills to make the best use of generative AI.

In Key Stage 3 Computing lessons students are taught about the potential benefits of using AI tools to aid their learning, while also covering subjects such as:

- Creating and using digital content safely and responsibly
- The limitations, reliability and potential bias of generative AI
- How information on the internet is organised and ranked
- Online safety to protect against harmful or misleading content

Promoting online safety and responsible use of ICT, being aware of digital footprints and the reliability of online sources is also taught within but not exclusively PRIDE (PSHE) and Geography.

Students in Key Stage 4 vocational subjects are taught and explicitly reminded periodically about the ethical use of AI in conducting research and completing coursework. Students must not submit any work that is not their own, these expectations mirror the expectations and guidelines as set out by examination boards on malpractice, plagiarism and cheating. Staff delivering these courses are also reminded periodically about AI expectations, safe and ethical use and AI screening software used by both the school and examination boards so as to mitigate against any potential misuse of AI by students.

7. Use of AI by pupils

We recognise that AI has many uses to help pupils learn.

Pupils may use AI tools:

- That have been approved for their use in school
- As a research tool to help them find out about new topics and ideas
- When specifically studying and discussing AI in schoolwork, for example in IT lessons or art homework about AI-generated images

All AI-generated content must be properly attributed and appropriate for the pupils' age and educational needs.

AI may also lend itself to cheating and plagiarism. To mitigate this, pupils may not use AI tools:

- During assessments, including internal and external assessments, and coursework (unless specifically stated with the specification as otherwise).
- To write their homework or class assignments, where AI-generated text is presented as their own work
- To complete their homework, where AI is used to answer questions set and is presented as their own work (for example, maths calculations)

This list of AI misuse is not exhaustive.

Where AI tools have been used as a source of information, pupils should reference their use of AI. The reference must show the name of the AI source and the date the content was generated.

Pupils must consider what is ethical and appropriate in their use of AI and must not:

- Generate content to impersonate, bully or harass another person
- Generate or share explicit or offensive content, including, but not limited to, generating inappropriate or sexualised images of pupils
- Input offensive, discriminatory or inappropriate content as a prompt

Any persons misusing AI or any other digital tool to cause harm, embarrassment, bullying or to coerce any other person will be dealt with as serious misbehaviour in line with the schools behaviour policy in the case of students, and in line with the staff code and conduct policy in the case of staff members.

8. Formal assessments

We will continue to take reasonable steps where applicable to prevent malpractice involving the use of generative AI in assessments.

We will follow the latest guidance published by the Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ) on [AI use in assessments](#).

9. Staff training

Staff will be given training where appropriate on the safe, effective and ethical use of AI and given any updates, should and when these arrive, in a timely manner. Training will cover such topics as

- How you ensure good understanding of AI
- Covering AI use in staff training on safe internet use and online safeguarding
- Who will be responsible for ensuring staff have access to continuing professional development (CPD) opportunities on AI
- How the school will stay abreast of good practice and what mechanisms you have in place for sharing it

10. Referral to our child protection and safeguarding policy

The school is aware that the use of generative AI may in some circumstances lead to safeguarding concerns including, but not limited to:

- Sexual grooming
- Sexual harassment
- Sexual extortion
- Child sexual abuse/exploitation material
- Coercion
- Harmful content
- Harmful advertisements and promotions
- Bullying

Where there are safeguarding concerns arising from the use of generative AI, a report must be made to the DSL immediately.

Any such incident will be dealt with according to the procedures set out in the school's child protection and safeguarding policy, and child protection referral process [AGS Safeguarding Policy](#)

11. Breach of this policy

11.1 By staff

Breach of this policy by staff will be dealt with in line with our staff code of conduct.

Where disciplinary action is appropriate, it may be taken whether the breach occurs:

- During or outside of working hours
- On an individual's own device or a school device
- At home, at school or from a remote working location

Staff members will be required to co-operate with any investigation into a suspected breach of this policy. This may involve providing us with access to:

- The generative AI application in question (whether or not it is one authorised by the school)
- Any relevant passwords or login details

You must report any breach of this policy, either by you or by another member of staff, to the Head of School immediately.

11.2 By governors

Governors found in breach of this policy will be dealt with in line with the Trust's Governance Code of Conduct.

11.3 By pupils

Any breach of this policy by a pupil will be dealt with in line with our behaviour policy [AGS Behaviour Policy](#)

12. Monitoring and transparency

AI technology, and the benefits, risks and harms related to it, evolve and change rapidly. Consequently, this policy is a live document that must be kept updated by the AI Lead whenever there is a significant change to either AI use by the school or the associated risks of AI usage.

This policy will also be regularly reviewed and updated to align with emerging best practices, technological advancements and changes in regulations.

The policy will be shared with the full governing board at least annually.

All teaching staff are expected to read and follow this policy. The AI Lead is responsible for ensuring that the policy is followed.

We will ensure we keep members of the school community up to date on the use of AI technologies for educational purposes. As part of our regular surveys, feedback from pupils, parents/carers and staff will be considered in the ongoing evaluation and development of AI use in school.

13. Links with other policies

This AI policy is linked to our:

- Data protection policy
- Safeguarding/child protection policy
- Assessment policy
- Exams policy
- Homework policy
- Behaviour policy

- Staff code of conduct
- Marking and feedback policy
- ICT acceptable use policy
- Online safety policy
- Equity, Diversity and Inclusion policy
- Complaints policy

Appendix 1: Approved uses of AI tools (table)

A note on KeyGPT: This is The Key's AI-powered assistant for schools, included in your membership. It uses published content from The Key to improve the quality of its response, known as retrieval augmented generation (RAG). The Key has prompted the AI to give you more complete, specific responses, and instruct the AI to limit bias as much as possible. However, all AI models can make mistakes, so do check any important information KeyGPT gives you. Although the data you enter in KeyGPT isn't used to train AI models, you shouldn't use it to share or seek personal data about staff, pupils, parents, carers or any individual.

APPROVED AI TOOLS	APPROVED FOR	APPROVED USES
Chat GPT	- Teachers - Governors - Students	- Letter to parents/carers - Job descriptions and adverts - Interview questions
CoPilot	- Staff - Students	- Lesson Planning - Report writing - Letters to parent / carers - Job description and adverts - Interview questions
Claude	Staff	Lesson Planning
Canva-AI Features	- Staff - Students	- Lesson Planning - Lesson Activities (Transition)
Photopea – Ai Features	Students	Has AI features, not used by Staff or Students but website itself is used for coursework at KS4 and KS3 activities.
CSUK.IO	- Staff - Students	Revise CS for Computer Science Revision Theory and Programming has AI feature built in for students to help with quizzing and generating exam questions.
Learn Anything	- Staff - Students	Live marking tool used by staff and students in English to support learning.